#### Core Knowledge

- Geologists use rocks to learn about the • earth.
- Geology is the scientific study of the • history of the earth.
- The crust is the hard, thick, outer • covering of the earth.
- The mantle is the layer of the earth between the crust and the core.
- A volcano is a mountain formed by the • ejection of lava, gases and ash from an opening in the earth's crust.
- A fossil is the print or remains preserved in rock of a plant or animal that died many years ago.
- A palaeontologist is someone who • studies living things from long ago by looking at fossils.

## The History of the Earth



## Home Learning

- Make a fact file about a dinosaur •
- Using plasticine, make a model to • show the layers of the earth
- Make a fossil using straws •
- Write 5 questions you could ask a • palaeontologist



#### **Key Vocabulary**

- equator geysers
- geologist
- geology

core

crust

mantle

volcano

- fossil
- meteor
- •
- excavating
- eruption
  - sedimentary

### **Domain Themes**

- Oceans and continents
- North and South Pole
- Layers of the Earth
- Volcanoes and geysers
- Common minerals in the earth
- How we use minerals
- Igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks
- Fossils
- Dinosaurs

# **Core Knowledge**

- Places on the earth where hot water and steam shoot up from inside the earth onto its surface are called geysers.
- Lava is molten or liquid rock on the earth's ٠ surface.
- Magma is molten or liquid rock that is deep ٠ inside the mantle of the earth.
- Gemstones are precious stones that can be cut, • polished, and used in jewellery.
- Minerals are natural substances found in rocks or in the ground.
- An igneous rock is a rock which form when • molten rock cools, hardens and turns solid.
- A metamorphic rock is a type of rock that has • formed from another rock as a result of heat and/or pressure.
- A sedimentary rock is a type of rock that has ٠ formed as the result of layers of sediment pressed together.

- minerals
- gemstones
- minerals

- igneous
  - metamorphic

- magma
  - - - palaeontologist

